during the last three years are given be low:

(*Rs. in lakhs*)

Year	Public Sector	Private Sector	Total
86-87	8,546.64	8,024.78	16,571.42 Indigenous — 16,366.29 Foreign 205.13
87-88	10,398.14	13,091.87	23,490.01 Indigenous — 18,726.05 Foreign — 4,763.96
88-89	5,716.84	8,359.58	14,076.42 Indigenous — 12,848.50 Foreign — 12,27·92

(c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Conservation of fuel and gas

1515. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the measures taken up to conserve fuel and natural gas;

(b) whether any incentives are proposed to be offered for fuel and gas economy measures; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) to (c), A statement giving the requisite information is attached.

Statement

(a) The measures taken to conserve fuel include:—

(1) up-gradation of technology to manufacture fuel efficient vehicles and revision in fuel efficiency norms;

(2) standardisation of bus chassis and design of bus bodies;

(3) replacement of inefficient oil fired boilers with efficient ones;

(4) fuel oil utilisation studies in industrial units and in State Transport Organisations for adopting more efficient practices;

(5) implementation of integrated energy audit in major consuming industries;

(6) development of fuel efficient equipment/devices like kerosene/LPG stoves and lubricants;

(7) rectification of diesel operated pumpsets;

(8) Excise rebate on pressure cookers, etc.

As regards gas, the following measures to reduce flaring of gas have been taken:—

(1) augmenting compression facilities;

(2) encouraging fall-back consumers to take gas when the regular consumers fail to do so; and

(3) developing additional consumers to improve the low offtake caused by low delayed offtake of committed consumers.

(b) and (c) The following subsidy schemes are offered/available:—

(1) Energy Audit Subsidy Scheme (EASS) for conducting energy audits in various industries through empanelled energy auditors;

(2) Equipment Finance for Energy Conservation Scheme (EFECS) for installation of equipment for effecting energy conservation in the existing plants;

(3) Boiler Modernisaion Scheme allowing soft-term loans for replacing inefficient boilers;

(4) Faster depreciation on energy efficient equipment;

(5) Import on OGL of various fuel efficient equipment; and

(6) Allowing a discount of 15 per cent on the basic price of gas for the fall-back consumers under the current pricing policy for natural gas.

Import and production of Albendazole range drugs

1516. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Albendazole, Fenbendazole, Lorazepam, Clomidine Hcl, and Danazol are being produced in the country;

(b) if so, what are the names of the licensed/registered companies which are producing these drugs;

(c) what is the capacity sanctioned to each company for each drug;

(d) what was the production of each drug during the last two years, yearwise;

(e) whether any of these drugs are allowed for import;

(f) if so, what are the names of those drugs;

(g) whether it is a fact that most of these drugs are also exported; and

(h) if so, what is the justification for allowing import?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI P. NAMGYAL): (a) to (d) The production of the referred drugs is not being monitored by this Ministry. Names of companies which are licensed to produce drugs alongwith capacities, from time to time, are published regularly by India Investment Centre in their monthly newsletter, copies of which are available in the parliament library.

(e) and (f) Names of drugs allowed for import are as per "Export—Import" policy for the period April, 1988—March, 1991, copies of which were laid on the Table of the House.

(g) Export of drugs is not monitored by this Ministry.

(h) Import policy for a drug is determined in consideration of several factors such as demand, availability, technology etc.

Gas cracker plant at Bijaipur

1517. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have rejected the proposal for setting up a gas cracker unit at Bijaipur;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) whether any alternative site has been selected for the purpose; and

(d) whether Madhya Pradesh Government has once again asked the Union Government to review the decision and set up a gas cracker plant at Bijapur?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI P. NAMGYAL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Feed stock has not been tied up.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Yes, Sir.